s next Wednesday by 7 p m.
Memphis every Thursday at 7 a m ext Saturday by 7 p m.
als to commence the route at Bromely, instead of Jackson, are invite from Lafsyette, via Witcher's and Flynn's Lick, to Kinchele back, once a week.

Proposals to end the route at Savannah is demphis are invited.

5267. From Murfreesboro', via Lebano tin, 50 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Murfreesboro' every Monday a rive at Gallatin next day by 12 m.

Leave Gallatin every Tuesday at 1 p m Iurfreesboro' next day by 7 p m.

5268. From Rogenville, via Thomas J. ussellville, 17 miles and back, once a wee

to state it; also to specify the schedu and departures by which they propose

ALABAMA.

5547. From Alexandria, via Cane Creek, Iron orks, and Ten Islands, to Ashville, 39 miles and

Bear Creek, Shiloh, and Dixon's Mills, to all a State Creek, Shiloh, and Dixon's Mills, to alia, 50 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Earboursville every Monday at 6 ive at Nanafalia next day by 11 a m.

Leave Nanafalia rext day by 11 a m.

Leave Nanafalia every Tuesday at 1 p m, to Barboursville next day by 7 p m.

5549. From Bolivar to Winchester, Tex 0 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Bolivar every Wednesday at 6 a m t Winchester same day by 5 p m.

Leave Winchester every Thursday at 6 a ve at Bolivar same day by 5 p m.

5550. From Centreport to Greenville, 45 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Centreport every Monday at 7 a m, arrive to Greenville next day by 11 a m.

Leave Greenville every Tuesday at 1 p m, arrive to Centreport next day by 6 p m.

5551. From Clinton, via Warsaw, Cooksville, Missinsippi, Macon, and Mashulaville, to Louisville.

9 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Clinton every Monday at 6 a m, arrive at Cinton every Monday at 6 a m, arrive at Batesville next day by 7 p m.

Leave Louisville every Wednesday at 6 a m, arrive at Cinton next day by 7 p m.

Proposals for twice a week service are invited.

5552. From Elkton, Tennessee, and Abeck, once in two weeks.

As the distance is not known to the department, bidders are requested to state it; also the schedule by which they propose to carry.

Froposals for once a week service are invited.

5561. From Camden, via Tait's Bridge, on the Surackover Creek, to Minden, La., 100 miles and back, once in two weeks.

Leave Greenville every Tuesday at 1 p m, arrive at Centreport next day by 6 p m.

5551. From Clinton, via Waraaw, Cooksville, Mississippi, Macon, and Mashulaville, to Louisville, 70 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Clinton every Monday at 6 a m, arrive at Louisville next day by 7 p m.

Leave Louisville every Wednesday at 6 a m, arrive at Clinton next day by 7 p m.

Proposals for twice a week service are invited.

5552. From Elkton, Tennessee, via Athens, Alabams, to Decatur, 33 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Elkton every Thursday at 6 a m, arrive at Decatur same day by 5 p m.

Leave Decatur every Wednesday at 6 a m, arrive at Elkton same day by 5 p m.

S553. From Elyton, via Ashville, to Rome, Ga., 120 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Elyton every Monday at 7 a m, arrive at Rome next Thursday by 11 a m.

Leave Rome every Thursday at 1 p m, arrive at Elyton next Sunday by 7 p m.

5554. From Eufaula, via Abbeville, Columbia, Woodville, and Daleville, to Geneva, 115 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Engaula every Monday at 8 a m, arrive at Elyton pext Sunday by 7 p m.

Hughes's Mill, to Russellville, 100 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Tuscaloosa every Monday at 7 a m, arrive at Russellville next Wednesday by 7 p m.

Leave Russellville every Thursday at 6 a m, arrive at Tuscaloosa next Saturday by 6 p m.

5064. From Tuskegee to Troy, 60 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Tuskegee every Monday at 7 a m, arrive at Troy next day by 6 p m.

Leave Troy every Wednesday at 6 a m, arrive at Tuskegee next day by 5 p m.

5065. From Tuskegee, via Warrin's Stand, Stesm, Mills, and Enon, to Eufauls, 65 miles and back, Mills, and Enon, to Eufauls, 65 miles and back,

, Mills, and Enon, to Eufauls, 6 once a week.

Leave Tuskegee every Monday at Eufaula next day by 8 p m.

Leave Eufaula every Wednead at Tuskegee next day by 8 p m.

week.

Leave Wetumpka every Wednesday at 2 p m,
rrive at Talladega Springs next Friday by 8 p m.

Leave Talladega Springs every Monday at 6 a,
arrive at Wetumpka next Wednesday by 12 m.

5568. From Woodville, via Mariana, Flor., to
Sainbridge, Ga., 80 miles and back, once in two
weeks.

MISSISSIPPI.

MISSISSIPPI.

5699. From Augusta to Pass Christian, 87 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Augusta every Saturday at 6 a m, arrive at Pass Christian next Monday by 11 a m.

Leave Pass Christian every Mohday at 2 p m, arrive at Augusta next Wednesday by 7 p m.

Proposals to include Mississippi City and Biloxi

will run.

5701. From Graysport, in Yallabusha county, to
Houston, 40 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Graysport every Monday at 5 a m, arrive
at Houston same day by 8 p m.
Leave Houston every Tuesday at 5 a m, arrive

Leave Houston every Tuesday at 5 a m, arrive at Graysport same day by 8 p m.

Proposals to commence the route at Granada are invited.

5702. From Kosciusko, via Conn's Ferry, to Franklin, 30 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Kosciusko every Monday at 7 a m, arrive at Franklin same day by 5 p m.

Leave Franklin every Tuesday at 7 a m, arrive at Kosciusko same day by 5 p m.

at Franklin same day by 5 p m.

Leave Franklin every Tuesday at 7 a m, arrive at
Kosciusko same day by 5 p m.

5703. From Memphis, Te., via McMahon, Chulahoma, and College Hill, to Oxford, 70 miles and
back, once a week.

Leave Memphis every Wednesday at 6 a m, arrive at Oxford next day by 6 p m.

Leave Oxford every Monday at 6 a m, arrive at
Memphis next day by 6 p m.

Proposals to terminate the route at McMahon, or
at Chulahoma, instead of Oxford, are invited; also,
to make the trins but once in two weeks.

Leave Oxford every Tuesday at 1 p m, arrive a Houston next day by 7 p m.

Leave Houston every Monday at 6 a m, arrive a Oxford next day by 11 a m.

5705. From Lake Providence, La., via Princeton Miss., Bolivar C. H., Victoria, and Coahoma, to Commerce, 225 miles and back, once in 2 weeks.

Leave Lake Providence every other Monday at a m, arrive at Commerce next Saturday by 6 p m.

Leave Commerce every other Monday at 6 a m arrive at Lake Providence every other Monday at 6 a m arrive at Lake Providence next Saturday by 6 p m.

Leave Ripley every dear Monday at 7 a m, arrive at Fulton next day by 5 p m.

Leave Ripley every Wednesday at 7 a m, arrive at Fulton next day by 5 p m.

5707. From Shieldsborough, via Pass Christian and Missiasippi City, to Biloxi, 34 miles and back once a week.

Leave Shieldsborough every Tuesday at 6 a m

me a week.

Leave Shieldsborough every Tuesday at 6 a m, rrive at Biloxi same day by 6 p m.

Leave Biloxi every Wednesday at 6 a m, arrive at Shieldsborough same day by 6 p m.

Proposals to carry only from Pass Christian to Mississippi City are invited.

ARKANSAS.
5858. From Arkadelphia, via

with.

7. The payments will be made through drafts on post offices, or otherwise, after the expiration of each quarter—say in February, May, August, and November.

8. The distances are given according to the best information; but no increased pay will be allowed, should they prove to be greater than is advertised, if the places are correctly named.

9. The Postmaster General is prohibited by law from knowingly making a contract for the transform knowingly making a contract for the trans-

Proposals for service once in two weeks are invited.

5872. From Little Rock, via Mannville, Perryville, Petit Jean, Danville, Sugar Creek, and Walter Canthron's, to Dallas, 130 miles and back, once in two weeks.

Leave Little Rock every other Monday at 7 a m, arrive at Dallas next Thursday by 7 p m.

Leave Dallas every other Monday at 7 a m, arrive at Little Rock next Thursday by 7 p m.

Proposals to carry once a week are invited.

5873. From Little Rock to Fort Smith, via the south side of the Arkansas river, 155 miles and back, once in two weeks. Bidders will state the intermediate offices which they will supply.

Leave Little Rock every other Monday at 8 a m, arrive at Fort Smith next Friday by 5 p m.

Leave Fort Smith every other Monday at 8 a m, arrive at Little Rock next Friday by 5 p m.

Proposals to carry once a week are invited.

5874. From Little Rock, via the residence of James Lawson, jr., and the North Fork settlement (by the nearest road) to Hot Springs, 45 miles and back, once a week. Bidders should state the additional intermediate offices, if any, which they will supply.

upply.
Leave Little Rock every Tuesday at 1 p
ive at Hot Springs next day by 5 p m.
Leave Hot Springs every Monday at 6 a
ive at Little Rock next day by 10 a m.

arrive at Paraclifta next Thursday by 7 p m.
Proposals for once a week service are invited.
5876. From Pocahontas, to Eleven Point post of
fice, in Ripley county, Missouri, 50 miles and back
once in two weeks.
Leave Pocahontas every other Thursday at 10 m
arrive at Eleven Points next day by 6 p m.
Leave Eleven Points every other Saturday at 6 a
m, arrive at Pocahontas next day by 2 p m.
Proposels for weekly trips are invited.
5877. From Perryville, via William Huston's
Green Smith'a, James Briggs's, and Wm. J. Parks's
to Parks', in Scott county, 75 miles and back, once a
week.

o Parks', in Scott county, to make yeek.

Leave Perryville every Thursday at 7 a m, arrive at Parks' next Saturday by 2 p m.

Leave Parks' every Monday at 7 a m, arrive at Perryville next Wednesday by 2 p m.

Proposals to carry once in two weeks are invited. 5878. From Joseph Tomlinson's, on the route from Washington, via Black Jack and Vache Grass, to Fort Smith and back, once in two weeks.

As the distance is not known, bidders are requested to state it, and propose a schedule of arrivals and departures. partures. Bids for weekly trips are invited.

LOUISIANA.

5941. From Fort Jesup to G. B. Beers's, on the Sabine river, 25 miles and back, once in two week. Leave Fort Jesup every other Monday at 1 p murive at Beers's same day by 9 p m.

Leave Beers's every other Monday at 5 a m, as ive at Fort Jesup same day by 12 m.

Proposals to carry once a week are invited.

5942. From Houms, via Bayou Black and Bayou Souf, to Pattersonville, 40 miles and back, once week.

leuf, to Pattersonville, 40 inness and case, eek.
Leave Houma every Wednesday at 5 a m, arrive a Pattersonville same day by 8 p m.
Leave Pattersonville every Tuesday at 5 a m, arrive at Houma same day by 8 p m.
Proposals to carry once in two weeks are invited. 5943. From Minden Bayou to Union C. H., Ark., 35 miles and back, once in two weeks.
Leave Minden Bayou every other Wednesday at 1 p m, arrive at Union C. H. next Friday by 6 p m Leave Union C. H. every other Monday at 2 m, arrive at Minden Bayou next Wednesday by 19 m.

Proposals to run once a week are invited.

Proposals to run once a week are invited.

5944. From Minden to Conway, Ark., 60 r
nd back, once a week.

Leave Minden every Wednesday at 6 a m, a

Leave Minden every wednesday at 0 a m, arrive Minden next day by 6 p m.

Leave Conway every Friday at 6 a m, arrive Minden next day by 6 p m.

Proposals for service once in two weeks are in

ted.

5945. From Monroe to Union C. H., Ark., 75 miles and back, once in two weeks.

Leave Monroe every other Thursday at 5 a m, arrive at Union C. H. every other Tuesday at 5 a m, arrive at Monroe next day by 8 p m.

Proposals to carry only from Farmersville to Union C. H., 40 miles and back, are invited; also to

which they propose to run.
Proposals for weekly service will be considered.
5947. From Natchitoches, via St. Maurice, Cedar Creek, Saline Mills, Prothers's, Mobley's Mills,
and Robinson's Mills, to Mount Lebanon, 70 miles

and Robinsen's Mills, to Mount Lebanon, 70 miles and Bobinsen's Mills, to Mount Lebanon, 70 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Natchitoches every Monday at 5 a m, arrive at Mount Lebanon next day by 7 p m.

Leave Mount Lebanon next day by 7 p m.

Proposals for service once in 2 weeks are invited.

5948. From Natchitoches, via Saline Mills, to Monroe, 100 miles and back, once in 2 weeks.

Leave Natchitoches every other Thursday at 7 a m, arrive at Monroe next Saturday by 7 p m.

Leave Monroe every other Thursday at 7 a m, arrive at Natchitoches next Saturday by 7 p m.

Proposals for service once a week are invited.

5949. From New Orleans to the Balize, 100 miles and back, once a week.

Proposals for twice a week service are invited.

5559. From Elizon, 73 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Decatur aware yw defineday at 6 am, arrive at Elizon per Standay by 5 p m.

Leave Decatur aware yw defineday at 6 am, arrive at Elizon per Standay by 5 pm.

Leave Elizon every Monday at 7 am, arrive at Romen early Standay by 6 pm.

Leave Elizon every Monday at 7 am, arrive at Elizon per Standay by 7 pm.

S554. From Enfauls, via Abberille, Columbia, by 6 pm.

S555. From Enfauls, via Abberille, Columbia, via Concept and the columbia, via Abberille, via Columbia, via Abberille, via Columbia, via Abberille, via Abberille, via Abberille, Columbia, via Abberille, Columbia, via Abberille, via Abberille, Columbia, via Abberille, via Abberille, Columbia, via Abberille, Columbia, via Abberille,

THE UNION

CITY OF WASHINGTON.

TUESDAY NIGHT, JULY 15, 1845.

ANOTHER HUMBUG EXPOSED. From the Nashville Whig, July MR. FOLK AND THE CONSERVATIVES.

9. The Postmaster General is prohibited by law from knowingly making a contract for the transportation of the mail with any person who shall have entered into any combination, or proposed to enter into any combination, to prevent the making of any bid for a mail contract by any other person or persons, or who shall have made any agreement, or shall have given or performed, or promised to give or perform, any consideration to do, or not to do, anything whatever to induce any other person not to bid for a mail contract.

10. A bid received after time—to wit, the 22d of September next, at 9 p m—or without the guarantee required by law, or that combines several routes in come sum of compensation, cannot be considered in competition with a regular proposal, not adjudged to be extravagant.

11. A bidder may propose different days and hours of departure and arrival, provided no more running time is asked, and it is obvious that no mail connexion, or other public accommodation, is prejudiced. He may sak for a specified number of days, or for more running time to the trip at certain seasons of peculiar bad roads. But, beyond these changes, a proposal for service different from the advertisement, will prevent its being considered in competition with a regular bid, not set aside for extravagance; and where a bid contains any of the above alterations, their disadvantages will be estimated in comparing it with other proposals.

12. There should be but one route bid for in a proposal. The Whig presses throughout the country are oncerned, strangely enough, lest Mr. Polk may not, as the chief magistrate, do equal and exact justice to every portion of the great democratic party

> The "Nashville Whig," in the case seems to be ambitious of giving us an opportunity f "trying our skill as a marksman"

> Whig humbug," (which game has become so common of late, that it requires no skill to "bring t down";) but at a vague and indefinite charge of

nisrepresentations which teem through the whig presses, and which are put forth with an air of con-

re not thoroughly acquainted with their practic

pace for the contradiction or "explanation" ague and indefinite suppositions and pretend "information," for the accuracy of which ever he "Nashville Whig" "will not undertake t

We take this occasion, however, to repeat, that i

s now, and ever has been, the intention of the Pres

dent, in administering the government, to do ident, in administrant the government, in unside to every portion of the democratic party, who by their united action elected him, with a view always to the best interests of the country.

It is scarcely necessary to say, that no such letter

as that alluded to in the Whig, promising that the class of persons called by the Whig "conserva-

tives," or any other class of politicians " who held

The President made no such promises, in letters or otherwise; his course was open to the whole public. He preserved the dignified attitude suited to his

ispensation of the patronage of the govern

personal divisions of the party; and if the Whig,

contrary, let them be brought forward in a more tangible form than those vague insinuations, for which he says he cannot even vouch.

We have received papers from Texas by the la

CONGRESS OF TEXAS.

lanced over the proceedings of the Congres

Whereas, by the many valuable and important services red dered throughout a long and useful life by Major-Genera Andrew Jackson to the cause of civil and religious libet ty, he justly enjoys and is entitled to the love and admirtion of all his species; therefore,

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Republic of Texas in Congress assembled, That in the name, and in behalf of the people of the republic of Texas we hereby tender to Gen. Andrew Jackson the unfeignes gratitude of a nation.

2. And be it further resolved, That the President of the rapidle of Texas is hereby requested to transmit to Genera Jackson, to his excellency the President of the Unite States, and to the governors of each of the States and Territories of the American Union, a copy of this joint resolution.

Idea.

Read first time—rule susponded; read 3d time—rule furth
resuspended. Ayes and noes called for on the passage of
he resolution stood thus:

Ayes—Senators Greer, Grimes, Kaniman, Lawrence,
Juckie, Munson, Parker, Pattillo, Pilsbury, Roman, an
Wright—II.

Noes none. So the resolution was passed unanimously.

Noes none. So the resolution was passed unanimously. June 19—On motion of Senator Kaufman, a bill to be e titled "An act to act apart a portion of the public doma lying between the Arkansas and Red rivers, for the pa-ment of the national debt of the republic of Texas, and repeal a certain act therein named," was taken up, and it report of the committee on the state of the republic adopte Senator Kaufman moved to strike out in the second sectio the works "of the United Batas;" andorted, and bill orders to be engrossed; rule suspended, bill read the third time at passed.

adopted.

House of Representatives, June 18.—A message was received from the Senate, informing the House of the passage
of a joint resolution tendering to General Andrew Jackson
the tribute of a nation's gratitude.
On motion of Mr. McLeod, the resolution was taken up,
and read a first time.

Wednesdey, June 8th.—Senate.—Senato duced the following joint resolution, tender Andrew Jackson the tribute of a nation's gre

are very sure the

12. There should be but one route bid for in a proposal.

13. The route, the service, the yearly pay, the bidder's name and residence, and the name of each member of the firm where a company offers, should be distinctly stated.

The following may be used as a form for the bidwher no change from the advertisement is contemplated by the bidder:

"I [or we, as the case may be,] hereby propose to carry the mail on No. ——, from to which elected him, and are striving to create jealousies between different portions of the party, as their only hope of success.

bad faith by the President to a portion of the reput lican party, whom he calls conservative. Although it has been our purpose (and will con-

This guaranty, so certified, should accompany each bid.

"The undersigned — guarantees that — i his bid for carrying the mail from — to — b accepted by the Postmaster General, — shall enter into an obligation prior to the first day o January next, with good and sufficient sureties, to perform the service proposed.

"Dated —."

15. The bid should be sent under seal, addresse to the First Assistant Postmaster General, wit "Mail Proposals in the State of —." written of the face of the letter; and should be despatched it time to be received by or before the 22d September next, at 9 o'clock p m.

16. The contracts are to be executed before the 1st January next.

16. The contracts are to lat January next.

Post Office Department, 11th July, 1845.
C. JOHNSON,
Postmaster General. July 15-1aw4w

By Boteler, Donn, & Co., Auctioneers. By Boteler, Donn, & Co., Auctioneers.

ALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AT
AUCTION.—On Thursday afternoon, 17th instant, at half-past 4 o'clock, we shall sell, on Cepitol
hill, on New Jersey avenue, between B and C streets
(the flag will designate the house,) all the household
and kitchen furniture of a gentleman declining housekeeping, consisting in part of the following, viz:
Mahogany sofa, mahogany bureaus, mahogany
column dining tables, mahogany centre table, bedsteads, feather beds and mattresses, mahogany work
table, solar lamp, mantel ornaments, cane and wood column dining tables, manegany centre table, bed-steads, feather beds and mattresses, mahogany work table, solar lamp, mantel ornaments, cane and wood seat chairs, rocker chairs, clock, chins, glass, and crockery, kitchen utensis, &c., &c., &c., &c. Terms: all sums of and under \$25, cash; over \$25, a credit of two and four months, for approved en-dorsed notes bearing interest.

BOTELER, DONN, & Co.,

By A. Green, Auctioneer.

WATCHES, JEWELRY, &c., AT AUCWATCHES, JEWELRY, &c., AT AUCseil, at my auction room, Concert Hall, Todd's
buildings, at 4 o'clock, p. m., a large lot of jewelry,
watches, &c., belonging to the estate of the late J.
P. Latruite, deceased. I enumerate, in part—
Fine gold breast-pins, ear and finger rings
Watches, chains, seals, keys, lockets, and pencils
Silver spectacles, jet buckles, and ear-rings
Several gross watch glasses, spoons, &c.
Glass counter-case and signs, with many other
articles, not necessary to enumerate.
The public are particularly invited to attend this
sale, as there is some valuable and handsome jewelry in the lot. By A. Green, Auctioneer.

city on the 3d inst. by Dr. Wright. We have

A. GREEN,

Terms cash. July 15-3t

TO WOOD CUTTERS.—Sealed proposals, endorsed "Proposals for wood," will be received until the first day of September, for the furnishing and delivery on the wharf at the Penitentiary, in the District of Columbia, between the first day of September and fifteenth of October next, free of all expense to the United States, of one hundred and eighty-three cords of sound, well seasoned, merchantable red oak wood, and sixteen cords of sound, well seasoned, merchantable spruce pine wood; the payment for which will be made on the delivery of the whole.

JOHN B. DADE, Warden.

JOHN B. DADE, Warden. July 15-lawt1stSep

OFFICE OF TRANSPORTATION, BALTIMORE AND OHIO RAILROAD COMPANY, Washington Branch, July 12, 1845. Reduction of Fare.

Reduction of Fare.

THE PUBLIC are respectfully informed that, on and after Monday next, the 14th inst., the fare in either direction between Washington and Baltimore will be \$2, until otherwise ordered.

Tickets for the round trip can be procured on application at this office for \$2, which will be good for swenty-four hours. If not procured before the departure of the cars, the regular fare will be charged.

Tickets for the round trip will also be issued to the intermediate points of the road, at the following reduced rates, viz:

SAM'L STETTINIUS,

July 11-6t Dianos.—Just received, two extra fine Vienna instruments, six and three-quarters octaves, with patent leather hammers. A rare chance is now offered to purchasers who want a genuine article, as the importer (who is, by-the-by, considered a first-rate judge) is now on the spot—to wit, Vienna, the emporium of music—to select, and, when selected with care, to send them over.

This manufactory is now entirely renewed and remodelled, and in such high repute, that their instruments meet with rapid sales, not alone in Germany, but also in France and Italy, and are not always easily procured. As for lasting, they will be as good in twenty years as now.

Good violins, with bows, in cases; and violin and guitar strings, always on hand.

F. A. WAGLER,
Piano wareroom, on H street.

Piano wareroom, on H street.
P. S. Good second-hand pianos for sale or hire; ome very low.

July 10—3tif

TO RENT.—A house in Franklin row, well finished, and in good repair, with a commodious finished basement, a large brick stable and conchhouse, and a pump of the finest water at the kitchen door. The rent low, to a good tenant, especially if taken for a term of years.

Apply to

J.B. H. SMITH,
F street, near 14th street.

ceased its pursations; and that hand, whose hat omera, was to sign an acknowledgment of Texan independence will be mouldering in the grave.

I however indulge the hope that Heaven will, in merci spare him unto us until this heartfelt expression of a nition's gratitude may reach him; that the last hours of it expiring hero may be cheered with the knowledge that he diction and patriotic labors are felt and warmly appreciate by a grateful people.

On motion of Mr. Robinson, the rule was suspended, at the resolution read a second time.

m motion of Mr. Robinson, use the resolution read a second time. In motion of Mr. Scurry, the rule was further suspended the resolution read a third time; and, the ayes and not angealled, it passed unanimously. On motion of Mr. Cage, the Semate's bill giving the comment to the annexation of Tex.

The Executive respectfully transmits, in reply to the olution of your honorable body of the 21st instant, the closed communication from the Department of State.

ANSON JONES.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE, ashington, June 23, 1845

To his excellency the PRESIDENT of the republic of Texas. Senator Greer introduced the following resolu Resolute by the Senate, That, with the con-louse of Representatives, the present session of full adjourn sine die on the 20th inst. at 9 o'

LAST MEXICAN MANIFESTO.

We are happy to recognise once more in our co mns the pen of C., whose former productions on our relations with Mexico have excited so much attention throughout the United States. No one has made this interesting subject more a study than C.; none is more capable of elucidating it: and this very subject has been, from peculiar circumstances, "the order of the day" at this moment. We will insure him readers, if he will but furnish us with essays.

For the Union.
MEXICO AGAINST THE UNITED STATES. It seems that the Mexican government has issue paper, in the nature of a manifesto against the government of the United States, which is couched in upon his merits, and the principles of the party which he represented. They did decide; he was elected, and is now doing his duty, according to the dicating very precisely what ulterior measures an contemplated. There is, however, one assertion averred by that government, that, "on the part of this republic, (Mexico,) the existing treaties between

the 11th April, 1839, by the representatives of the two powers, and the proceedings of the board of ries perpetrated by the latter upon the former. Those claims were founded upon violations of treaty obligations were founded upon violations of treaty obligations.

the words "of the United States;" adopted, and bill ordered to be engrossed; rule suspended, bill read the third time and passed.

Jone 21.—Senator Wright introduced the following resolution, which was adopted:

Whereas the measure of annexation of the republic of Texas to the United States of the North, is desmed by the cliteries and the control of the United States of the North, the realous and untiring advocate of annexation, the official mover and supporter of the measure, is entitled to the lasting graitude of the citizens of this republic; and that the secretary be instructed to furnish John Tyler a copy of this resolution: adopted.

[SECRET ERESON — Senator Kaufman, chairman of the committee on the state of the republic, to whom was referred the communication of his excellency the President, together with the accompanying documents, reported the same back to the Senate, and recommended that the Senate go into a committee of the whole.

On motion, the report was adopted.
Senator Lawrence in the chair—the proposition of the treaty between Texas and Mexico being under discussion—The committee rose, and through their honerable chairman, reported that the committee out he terety.

Ayes and nose called for, stood—ayes 14, noes none.

So the report respecting the treaty, was unanimously adopted.

We have now before us the report of the proseedings of that board. More than nine-tenths of the claims were, as has been said, for violations of rights secured and guarantied by treaty; and several of these allowed as such by the Mexican commissioners, and many more decided by the umpire on this single ground. The claims thus exhibited exceeded ten millions of dollars. Here, then, is a judicial decision, by a board composed one half of Americans, and the other half of Mexicans, that the assertion now made is utterly destitute of truth. This instance of mendacity is not unexampled in the history of this people. The report of the Committee of Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives of July 7, 1838, exhibits another memothe claims were, as has been said, for violations of

On motion of Mr. McLeod, the resolution was taken up, and read a first time.

Mr. Scurry addressed the House as follows:

Mr. Speaker: Fully aware that words are unnecessary to induce the passage of this resolution, and powerless to give expression to the deep gratitude entertained by the people of Texas for the venerated occupant of the Hermitage, for the many important services rendered by him to this yourg republic, I cannot forbear giving utterance to the emotions which the reading of this resolution is so well calculated to awaken in every Texan heart.

The cession to Spain of the territory comprised within the limits of Texas, in violation of the rights guaranted to the inhabitants of said territory, by the stipulations of the treaty of 1803, was the darkest spot upon the otherwise stainless record of American history, casting from the United States, as a "ionther weed," the fairest and mast valuable portion of her public domain, and Indicting deep injuries upon its brave and chivalrous people, by ceding them, centrary is their expressed wishes, to a country at that time, and since, a grey to incessant internal commotions, and the contemptible sport of continued revolution, withdrawing from them the protection of the land of their matirity, to which their affections, than and still, point out as the true country of their allegiance. Mainly to the influence of the great name of Andrew Jackson, and his untring exertions in our behalf, are the United States, in common with Texas, indebted for the wiping away this foul blot from their as mitte of Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives of July 7, 1838, exhibits another memorable one. The American secretary had presented a list of fifty-seven distinct cases of claim upon Mexico for illegal outrages. Inquiry into these cases, and redress of the injuries complained of, were profusely promised. After great and unexplained delays, "I am, respectfully, "Your obedient servant, "I' will you were apprized in anxious in The department has been, and still is, anxious in the sti A list of fifty-neven distinct cases of claim upon Mexico for illegal outrages. Inquiry into these cases, and redress of the injuries complained of, were profusely promised. After great and unexplained delays, answers were returned in reference to only four; and, in the interim, the Mexican President promulgates a decree, in which it is positively intimated—to, That Mexico had offered to submit the claims Ist, That Mexico had offered to submit the claims against her to the decision of a friendly power; 2d,

That, in case the government of the United States should deny satisfaction to Mexico, or delay it, or continue the open aggressions already committed,

Bland headed the invitation.

are fully developed in the document referred

Proof equally conclusive exists in

iberal remarks of the Was upon the article from Saturday's "Union defined the position, prospects, and proof the executive;" and upon its pr ion" in the criticism which (liberal and a

pleasure, because it expresses very language heretofore use language heretofore use la o occupy. It does justice to hey have gone, and lays dow

to take temporary possession of Montered delighted now to perceive that his government

claims were founded upon violations of treaty obligations.

The third article of the treaty between the United States and Mexico, of April 5, 1831, provides that "the citizens of the two countries respectively shall have liberty freely and securely to come with their vessels and cargoes to all such places, ports, and rivers of the United States of America, and of the united Mexican States, to which other foreigners are permitted to come, and to remain and reside in any part of the said territories respectively; " and generally the merchants and traders of each nation shall enjoy the most complete protection and security for their commerce." Article 15th: "The contracting parties promise and engage to give their special protection to the citizens of each other who may be in their territories," &c. Article 15th: "The citizens of the United States of America, residing in the united Mexican States, shall enjoy in their special protection to the citizens of each other who may be in their territories," &c. Article 15th: "The citizens of the United States of America, residing in the united Mexican States, shall enjoy in their houses, persons, and property, the protection of the government, with the most perfect security and liberty of conscience." The Spanish version of this article is somewhat different; the expression of conscience, but the considerate in the contracting parties proposed to the entire satisfaction of the two nations are relied to the entire satisfaction of the two nations are relied to the entire satisfaction of the two nations are relied to the entire satisfaction of the two nations are relied to the entire satisfaction of the two nations are relied to the entire satisfaction of the two nations are relied to the entire satisfaction of the two nations are relied to the entire satisfaction of the two nations are relied to the entire satisfaction of the two nations are relied to the entire satisfaction of the two nations are relied to the entire satisfaction of the two nations are relied to the entire